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TITLE 3—THE PRESIDENT

DIRECTIVE OF MARCH 13, 1948

[CONFIDENTIAL STATUS OF EMPLOYEE
LOYALTY RECORDS]

MEMORANDUM TO ALL OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES IN THE EXECUTIVE BRANCH OF THE GOVERNMENT

The efficient and just administration of the Employee Loyalty Program, under Executive Order No. 9835 of March 21, 1947, requires that reports, records, and files relative to the program be preserved in strict confidence. This is necessary in the interest of our national security and welfare, to preserve the confidential character and sources of information furnished, and to protect Government personnel against the dissemination of unfounded or disproved allegations. It is necessary also in order to insure the fair and just disposition of loyalty cases.

For these reasons, and in accordance with the long-established policy that reports rendered by the Federal Bureau of Investigation and other investigative agencies of the executive branch are to be regarded as confidential, all reports, records, and files relative to the loyalty of employees or prospective employees (including reports of such investigative agencies) shall be maintained in confidence, and shall not be transmitted or disclosed except as required in the efficient conduct of business.

Any subpoena or demand or request for information, reports, or files of the nature described, received from sources other than those persons in the executive branch of the Government who are entitled thereto by reason of their official duties, shall be respectfully declined, on the basis of this directive, and the subpoena or demand or other request shall be referred to the Office of the President for such response as the President may determine to be in the public interest in the particular case. There shall be no relaxation of the provisions of this directive except with my express authority.

This directive shall be published in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

HARRY S. TRUMAN

THE WHITE HOUSE,
March 13, 1948.

[F. R. Doc. 48-2337; Filed, Mar. 15, 1948;
1:12 p. m.]

TITLE 7—AGRICULTURE

Chapter 1—Production and Marketing Administration (Standards, Inspections, Marketing Practices)

PART 42—EGGS AND EGG PRODUCTS (STANDARDS AND GRADES)

By virtue of the authority vested in the Secretary of Agriculture, I hereby approve the publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER of the following United States Standards for Quality of Individual Shell Eggs. These standards were issued September 5, 1946, as a result of numerous public conferences with the industry, State Departments of Agriculture, and other interested parties. These conferences were initiated prior to May 1, 1946, and copies of the standards were made available to all interested parties promptly upon issuance. Such standards are currently in effect pursuant to the Department of Agriculture Appropriation Act, 1948 (Pub. Law 266, 80th Cong., approved July 30, 1947)

§ 42.1 *United States standards for quality of individual shell eggs.* The United States standards for quality of individual shell eggs, contained in this section, are applicable only to eggs that are the product of the domesticated chicken hen and are in the shell. Such standards are with respect to individual eggs with clean unbroken shells, individual eggs with dirty unbroken shells, and individual eggs with checked or cracked shells.

Interior egg quality specifications for those standards are based on the use of a candling light delivering approximately 350 to 450 foot-candles of light at the candling opening. The usual box type of candling light, without reflector, using a clean 40-watt frosted bulb about 1½ inches from and in direct line (direct light) behind the opening which should be approximately 1⅓ inches in diameter, or a clean 60-watt frosted bulb immediately above and 1½ inches behind the opening, (indirect light), provides approximately 310 foot-candles of light at the opening. A 60-watt bulb in a direct light candler, or a 75-watt bulb in an indirect light candler, provides approximately 380 foot-candles of light at the opening. Reference to "usual box type of candling light" should not be con-

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strued as restricting use to that type only. Any type or make of candling light may be used so long as the resulting foot-candles of light are the same.

(a) *United States standards for quality of individual eggs with clean unbroken shells*—(1) *AA Quality*. The shell must be clean, unbroken, and practically normal. The air cell must not exceed $\frac{1}{8}$ inch in depth and be practically regular. The white must be clear and firm so that the yolk appears well centered and its outline only slightly defined when the egg is twirled before the candling light. The yolk must be free from apparent defects.

(2) *A Quality*. The shell must be clean, unbroken, and practically normal. The air cell must not exceed $\frac{1}{8}$ inch in depth and must be practically regular. The white must be clear and at least reasonably firm so that the yolk appears at least fairly well centered and its outline only fairly well defined when the egg is

twirled before the candling light. The yolk must be practically free from apparent defects.

(3) *B Quality*. The shell must be clean, unbroken and may be slightly abnormal. The air cell must not exceed $\frac{3}{8}$ inch in depth and may show total movement not in excess of $\frac{3}{8}$ inch. However, an air cell not over $\frac{1}{8}$ inch in depth may be free. The white must be clear but may be slightly weak so that the yolk may appear off center with its outline well defined when the egg is twirled before the candling light. The yolk may appear slightly enlarged and slightly flattened and may show other definite but not serious defects.

(4) *C Quality*. The shell must be clean, unbroken, and may be abnormal. The air cell may be over $\frac{3}{8}$ inch in depth and may be bubbly or free. The white may be weak and watery so that the yolk may appear off center and its outline plainly visible when the egg is twirled before the candling light. The yolk may appear dark, enlarged, and flattened and may show clearly visible germ development but no blood due to such development. It may show other serious defects that do not render the egg inedible. Small blood clots or spots may be present.

(b) *United States standards for quality of individual eggs with dirty unbroken shells*—(1) *Stained*. Individual egg that has no adhering dirt and no more than a combined total of $\frac{1}{8}$ of the shell surface stained or soiled.

(2) *Dirty*. Individual egg that has adhering dirt or more than a combined total of $\frac{1}{8}$ of the shell surface stained or soiled.

(c) *United States standards for quality of individual eggs with checked or cracked shells*—(1) *Check*. Individual egg that has a broken shell or crack in the shell but with no leakage of the contents.

(2) *Leaker*. Individual egg that has a break or crack in the shell and shell membrane, with the contents exuding or free to exude through the shell.

(d) *Terms descriptive of shell*—(1) *Clean*. A shell that is free from foreign matter and from stains or discolorations that are readily visible. Eggs with only very small specks or stains may be considered clean, if such eggs are not of sufficient number in a package to detract appreciably from its appearance. Eggs that show traces of processing oil on the shell are considered clean unless the shell is otherwise soiled.

(2) *Stained*. A shell with stained or soiled spots that together cover not more than $\frac{1}{8}$ of the shell surface but without adhering dirt.

(3) *Dirty*. A shell with adhering dirt or with stained or soiled spots that together cover more than $\frac{1}{8}$ of the shell surface.

(4) *Unbroken*. A shell that is free from checks or breaks.

(5) *Checked or cracked*. A shell that has an actual break but its membranes are unbroken and its contents do not leak.

(6) *Leaker*. An egg the shell and shell membranes of which are broken to the extent that the egg contents are

exuding or free to exude through the shell.

(7) *Practically normal.* A shell that approximates the usual shape and that is of good even texture and strength and is free from rough areas or thin spots. Slight ridges and rough areas that do not materially affect the shape, texture, and strength of the shell, are permitted.

(8) *Slightly abnormal.* A shell that may be somewhat unusual in shape, or that may be slightly faulty in texture or strength. It may show definite ridges but no pronounced thin spots or rough areas.

(9) *Abnormal.* A shell that may be decidedly misshapen or faulty in texture or strength or that may show pronounced ridges, thin spots or rough areas.

(e) *Terms descriptive of the air cell—*

(1) *Depth of air cell (air space between shell membranes, normally in the large end of the egg).* The depth of the air cell is the distance from its top to its bottom when the egg is held air cell upward.

(2) *Practically regular.* An air cell that maintains a practically fixed position in the egg and shows a fairly even outline, with no more than $\frac{1}{8}$ inch movement in any direction as the egg is rotated.

(3) *Movement not in excess of $\frac{3}{8}$ inch.* An air cell that shows a total movement not in excess of $\frac{3}{8}$ inch in any direction as the egg is rotated.

(4) *Free air cell.* An air cell that moves freely toward the uppermost point in the egg as the egg is rotated slowly.

(5) *Bubbly air cell.* A ruptured air cell resulting in one or more small separate air bubbles usually floating beneath the main air cell.

(f) *Terms descriptive of the white—*

(1) *Clear.* A white that is free from discoloration or from any foreign bodies floating in it. (Prominent chalazas should not be confused with foreign bodies such as spots or blood clots)

(2) *Firm.* A white that is sufficiently thick or viscous to permit but limited movement of the yolk from the center of the egg, thus preventing the yolk outline from being more than slightly defined or indistinctly indicated when the egg is twirled.

(3) *Reasonably firm.* A white that is somewhat less thick or viscous than a firm white. A reasonably firm white permits the yolk to move somewhat more freely from its normal position in the center of the egg and approach the shell more closely. This would result in a fairly well defined yolk outline when the egg is twirled.

(4) *Slightly weak.* A white that is lacking in thickness or viscosity to an extent that permits the yolk to move quite freely from its normal position in the center of the egg. A slightly weak white will cause the yolk outline to appear well defined when the egg is twirled.

(5) *Weak and watery.* A white that is thin and generally lacking in viscosity. A weak and watery white permits the yolk to move freely from the center of the egg and to approach the shell closely, thus causing the yolk outline to appear plainly visible and dark when the egg is twirled.

(6) *Blood clots and spots (not due to germ development).* Blood clots or spots on the surface of the yolk or floating in the white. These blood clots may have lost their characteristic red color and appear as small spots or foreign material commonly referred to as meat spots. Such blood clots or spots are incorporated in the egg during its formation or after the yolk leaves the ovary. If they are small (not over $\frac{1}{8}$ inch in diameter) the egg may be classed as "C Quality." If larger, or showing diffusion of blood in the white surrounding them, the egg shall be classified as loss.

(7) *Bloody white.* An egg, the white of which has blood diffused through it. Such a condition may be present in new-laid eggs. Eggs with bloody whites are classed as loss.

(g) *Terms descriptive of yolk—*(1) *Well centered.* A yolk that occupies the center of the egg and moves only slightly from that position as the egg is twirled.

(2) *Fairly well centered.* A yolk that is not more than one-fourth of the distance from its normal central position toward the ends of the egg and swings not more than one-half of the distance from its normal position toward the sides of the egg as it is twirled.

(3) *Off center.* A yolk which is distinctly above or below center and swings close to the sides of the egg as it is twirled.

(4) *Outline slightly defined.* A yolk outline that is indistinctly indicated and appears to blend into the surrounding white as the egg is twirled.

(5) *Outline fairly well defined.* A yolk outline that is discernible but not clearly outlined as the egg is twirled.

(6) *Outline well defined.* A yolk outline that is quite definite and distinct as the egg is twirled.

(7) *Outline plainly visible.* A yolk outline that is clearly visible as a dark shadow when the egg is twirled.

(8) *Slightly enlarged and slightly flattened.* A yolk in which the yolk membranes and tissues have weakened somewhat causing it to appear slightly enlarged and slightly flattened.

(9) *Enlarged and flattened.* A yolk in which the yolk membranes and tissues have weakened and moisture has been absorbed from the white to such an extent that it appears definitely enlarged and flat.

(10) *Free from defects.* A yolk that shows no spots or areas on its surface indicating the presence of germ development or other defects.

(11) *Practically free from defects.* A yolk that shows no germ development but may show other very slight defects on its surface.

(12) *Definite but not serious defects.* A yolk that may show definite spots or areas on its surface but with only slight indication of germ development or other pronounced or serious defects.

(13) *Other serious defects.* A yolk that shows well developed spots or areas and other serious defects, such as olive yolks, which do not render the egg inedible.

(14) *Clearly visible germ development.* A development of the germ spot on the

yolk of a fertile egg that has progressed to a point where it is plainly visible as a definite circular area or spot with no blood in evidence.

(15) *Blood due to germ development.* Blood caused by development of the germ in a fertile egg to the point where it is visible as definite lines or as a blood ring. Such an egg is classified as inedible.

(h) *General terms—*(1) *Loss.* An egg that is inedible, smashed, or broken so that contents are leaking, contaminated, or containing bloody whites, large blood spots, large unsightly meat spots, or other foreign material.

(2) *Inedible eggs.* Eggs of the following descriptions are classed as inedible: black rots, white rots, mixed rots (addled eggs), sour eggs, eggs with green whites, eggs with stuck yolks, moldy eggs, musty eggs, eggs showing blood rings, eggs containing embryo chicks (at or beyond the blood ring stage) and any eggs that are adulterated as such term is defined pursuant to the Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act. (Pub. Law 266, 80th Cong., approved July 30, 1947).

Done at Washington, D. C. this 11th day of March 1948.

[SEAL] CHARLES F. BRANNAN,
Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

[P. R. Dec. 42-2263; Filed, Mar. 15, 1948;
8:46 a. m.]

TITLE 12—BANKS AND BANKING

Chapter II—Federal Reserve System

Subchapter A—Board of Governors of Federal Reserve System

PART 224—DISCOUNT RATES

BUYING RATES ON BILLS

Pursuant to section 14 (d) of the Federal Reserve Act, and for the purpose of adjusting discount rates with a view of accommodating commerce and business in accordance with other related rates and the general credit situation of the country, Part 224 is amended by changing footnote 1 of § 224.5 (13 F. R. 495) to read as follows:

*At Federal Reserve Bank of New York rate also applies to trade acceptances and, effective February 24, 1948, to purchases of Government securities under resale agreement.

For the reasons and good cause found as stated in § 224.8 of Part 224, there is no notice, public participation or deferred effective date in connection with this section.

(Sec. 14 (d) 33 Stat. 264 as amended by 41 Stat. 550, 42 Stat. 1430 and 49 Stat. 704, 706; 12 U. S. C. 357)

BOARD OF GOVERNORS OF THE FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM,

[SEAL] S. R. CARPENTER,
Secretary.

[P. R. Dec. 42-2264; Filed, Mar. 15, 1948;
8:46 a. m.]

TITLE 19—CUSTOMS DUTIES

Chapter I—Bureau of Customs, Department of the Treasury

[T. D. 51856]

PART 14—APPRAISEMENT

EXAMINATION OF MERCHANDISE

It is my opinion that the examination of less than 1 package of every 10 packages, but not less than 1 package of every invoice, of the merchandise hereinafter described, if such merchandise is (1) imported in packages the contents and values of which are uniform, or (2) imported in packages the contents of which are identical as to character although differing as to quantity and value per package, will amply protect the revenue:

Hat braids of all kinds.
Hat (harvest) bodies.
Hats, harvest.
Hats, rayon.
Hats, straw.
Hoods, racello.
Nutmalls or gall nuts.
Pulpwood.
Tara (dyeing and tanning material).
Tobacco, stemmed leaf.
Valves, automobile engine.

Therefore, by virtue of the authority contained in sections 499 and 624 of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (19 U. S. C. secs. 1499 and 1624) I do by this special regulation permit and authorize a less number of packages than 1 package of every 10 packages, but not less than 1 package of every invoice, of the above-described merchandise to be examined.

This special regulation shall not be construed to preclude the examination of packages in addition to the minimum number hereby permitted to be examined if the collector or the appraiser shall deem it necessary that a greater number of packages be examined.

In view of the foregoing, § 14.1 (b) Customs Regulations of 1943 (19 CFR, Cum. Supp., 14.1 (b)) as amended, containing a list of merchandise as to which collectors are especially authorized to designate for examination less than 1 package of every 10 packages, is hereby further amended by inserting in said list in proper alphabetical position the following:

Hat braids of all kinds.
Hat (harvest) bodies.
Hats, harvest.
Hats, rayon.
Hats, straw.
Hoods, racello.
Nutmalls or gall nuts.
Pulpwood.
Tara (dyeing and tanning material).
Tobacco, stemmed leaf.
Valves, automobile engine.

(Secs. 499, 624, 46 Stat. 728, 759, secs. 15, 16 (a) 52 Stat. 1084; 19 U. S. C. 1499, 1624)

[SEAL] FRANK DOW,
Acting Commissioner of Customs.

Approved: March 9, 1948.

A. L. M. WIGGINS,
Acting Secretary of the Treasury.

[F. R. Doc. 48-2272; Filed, Mar. 15, 1948;
8:48 a. m.]

[T. D. 51855]

PART 23—ENFORCEMENT OF CUSTOMS AND NAVIGATION LAWS

APPRAISEMENT OF SEIZED PROPERTY

Section 23.12, Customs Regulations of 1943 (19 CFR, Cum. Supp., 23.12) is amended by changing the caption thereof to read "Appraisement of property subject to forfeiture; determination of penalties measured by value" by deleting the parenthetical matter at the end of paragraph (f) and by adding a new paragraph (g) reading as follows:

(g) With respect to property not under seizure, the value to be used as the basis of a claim for forfeiture value or for the assessment of a penalty is the domestic value, which shall be determined or estimated by the appraiser in accordance with paragraph (b) of this section, except that the value shall be fixed as of the date of the violation. In the case of entered merchandise, the date of the violation shall be the date of the entry or the date of the filing of the document or the commission of the act forming the basis of the claim, whichever is later.

(Secs. 606, 608, 624, 46 Stat. 754, 755, 759; 19 U. S. C. 1606, 1608, 1624)

[SEAL] FRANK DOW,
Acting Commissioner of Customs.

Approved: March 8, 1948.

E. H. FOLEY, Jr.,
Acting Secretary of the Treasury.

[F. R. Doc. 48-2273; Filed, Mar. 15, 1948;
8:48 a. m.]

TITLE 34—NAVY

Chapter I—Department of the Navy

PART 32—DISPOSITION OF PROPERTY

WASTE, SCRAP, AND SALVAGE

Amend § 32.2 (a) (2) (12 F. R. 7578) to read as follows:

§ 32.2 *Dispositions under the Surplus Property Act.* * * *

(a) *Waste, scrap and salvage.* * * *

(2) Under the provisions of the Strategic and Critical Materials Stock Piling Act (Public Law 520, 79th Congress (60 Stat 596)) and War Assets Administration Regulation No. 17, as amended (32 CFR, Supps. Part 8317) the Department of the Navy may from time to time be directed to sell certain surplus "strategic and critical materials" to meet the requirements of industry as provided for in the act, in lieu of reporting such materials for disposition by the Reconstruction Finance Corporation. Pursuant to War Assets Administration Regulation No. 17, the Reconstruction Finance Corporation has directed the Department of the Navy to sell the following types of surplus copper base alloy scrap, which are strategic and critical materials: cartridge brass ingots, slabs, discs, bars, partly or completely manufactured ammunition cases (new or demilitarized), fired cases or remelt ingot; gilding metal mill forms or remelt ingot. In making such sales, the Department of the Navy is required by Amendment 2, War Assets

Administration Regulation No. 17 (12 F. R. 3221) to be guided by recommendations made to it by the Office of Materials Distribution, Department of Commerce, as to the buyers and quantities in order best to satisfy the industrial deficiencies. That Office has now recommended that such sales be made on the basis set forth below.

Any person desiring to purchase copper base alloy scrap under this authorization may apply directly to sales officers of Navy authorized selling activities (paragraph (g) (1) of this section) and request invitations to bid on future offerings. Consideration will be given only to bids for the purchase of scrap for current consumption within continental limit of the United States or resale for such consumption by others. (For this purpose "current consumption" means consumption by remelting within 90 days after shipment by the Department of the Navy to, or on the order of, the successful bidder) Bidders will furnish, with their bids, certifications to the effect that quantities bid on are required, to enable them to meet current requirements for purpose stated above. Upon acceptance of the bid, the successful bidder will be required to pay the balance of the bid price, and a cash deposit equal to 10% of the bid. The 10% cash deposit will be retained by the Contracting Officer to assure compliance with the consumption conditions outlined above. Such deposits will not be returned, unless within 120 days after shipment by the Department of the Navy the successful bidder furnishes the Contracting Officer with a notarized certification that the scrap purchased has been consumed in accordance with the terms of the bid. In the event the scrap is resold by the bidder such certification shall be supported by a similar certification of each ultimate consumer which shall state that the material he acquired through the purchase from the bidder has been used for his current consumption within the United States by remelting. Failure to furnish the required certification, in acceptable form, shall deprive the successful bidder of his right to recover the 10% cash deposit. The Contracting Officer may, in his discretion, grant a limited extension of time to complete consumption and to furnish the required certification. Such extension will be considered only upon written application by the bidder accompanied by an explanation including statements of ultimate consumers, if any. Section 35 (A) of the United States Criminal Code, 18 U. S. C. 80, makes it a criminal offense to make a wilfully false statement or representation to any department or agency of the United States as to any matter within its jurisdiction. This procedure shall not apply to sales of the above types of copper base alloy scrap by Navy Authorized Selling Activities where the gross weight of all such scrap available at any one location at any one time does not exceed 50,000 pounds. Lots may not be subdivided for the purpose of making sales under this exception.

(22 Stat. 296, 599, 20 Stat. 133, 30 Stat. 559, 45 Stat. 1430, 49 Stat. 1195, 54 Stat. 712, 55 Stat. 838, 58 Stat. 180, 223, 765,

sec. 204, 59 Stat. 132, 60 Stat. 897; 34 U. S. C. 491, 492, 546, 522, 546b, 14 U. S. C. 43a, 50 U. S. C. App. Sup., 1171, 611, 1301-1303, 1611)

M. E. ANDREWS,
Acting Secretary of the Navy.

[F. R. Doc. 48-2257; Filed, Mar. 15, 1948;
8:45 a. m.]

TITLE 47—TELECOMMUNICATION

Chapter I—Federal Communications Commission

[Docket No. 8467]

PART 3—RADIO BROADCAST SERVICES

NORMAL LICENSE PERIOD

At a session of the Federal Communications Commission held at its offices in Washington, D. C. on the 10th day of March 1948;

The Commission having under consideration a proposal to amend §§ 3.218 and 3.518 of its rules and regulations so as to provide for a normal license period for FM broadcast stations, including non-commercial educational FM stations, and to provide for an orderly schedule for the renewal of such licenses; and

It appearing, that on December 16, 1947, the Commission issued a notice of proposed rule making with respect to the above proposal which was distributed by the Commission, appeared in the trade press, and was published in the FEDERAL REGISTER, and which provided that comments and suggestions with regard thereto might be filed with the Commission on or before December 31, 1947; and

It further appearing, that no comments or suggestions with regard to these proposals have been received except comments and suggestions concerning the normal license period for FM broadcast stations and that all such comments and suggestions urged that the normal license period be extended to three years; and

It further appearing, that the establishment of a normal license period of three years for FM broadcast stations, including non-commercial education FM stations, and of an orderly schedule for the renewal of such licenses would relieve FM licensees of the burden of filing yearly applications for renewal of license, would place FM broadcasting on an equal licensing level with standard broadcasting, would make possible more orderly and expeditious action on applications for renewal of FM licenses, and would thus promote and encourage the development of FM broadcasting to the benefit of the industry and the public; and

It further appearing, that FM broadcasting is still undergoing rapid development and that, therefore, a review of the overall performance of new FM stations at the end of the first year of operation, or as soon thereafter as may be practicable, would serve public interest, convenience and necessity;

It is ordered, That, effective May 1, 1948, §§ 3.218 and 3.518 of the Commission's rules and regulations are amended to read as follows:

§ 3.218 *Normal license period.* (a) All initial licenses covering construction permits for new FM broadcast stations will be issued so as to expire at the hour of 3 a. m., eastern standard time, and will be issued for a minimum period of one year and a maximum period of one year and 11 months to expire in accordance with the following schedule:

(1) For stations operating on the frequencies 92.1, 92.7, 93.5, 94.3, 95.3, 95.9, 96.7, 97.7, 98.3, 99.3 mcs., June 1.

(2) For stations operating on the frequencies 100.1, 100.9, 101.7, 102.3, 103.1, 103.9, 104.9, 105.5, 106.3, 107.1 mcs., September 1.

(3) For stations operating on the frequencies 100.3, 100.5, 100.7, 101.1, 101.3, 101.5, 101.9, 102.1, 102.5, 102.7, 102.9, 103.3, 103.5, 103.7, 104.1, 104.3, 104.5, 104.7, 105.1, 105.3, 105.7, 105.9, 106.1, 106.5, 106.7, 106.9, 107.3, 107.5, 107.7, 107.9 mcs., December 1.

(4) For stations operating on the frequencies 92.3, 92.5, 92.9, 93.1, 93.3, 93.7, 93.9, 94.1, 94.5, 94.7, 94.9, 95.1, 95.5, 95.7, 96.1, 96.3, 96.5, 96.9, 97.1, 97.3, 97.5, 97.9, 98.1, 98.5, 98.7, 98.9, 99.1, 99.5, 99.7, 99.9 mcs., March 1.

(b) All renewals of FM broadcast station licenses will be issued so as to expire at the hour of 3 a. m., eastern standard time, and will be issued for a maximum period of three years to expire in accordance with the following schedule and at 3-year intervals thereafter:

(1) For stations operating on the frequencies 92.1, 92.7, 93.5 mcs., June 1, 1948.

(2) For stations operating on the frequencies 100.1, 100.9, 101.7 mcs., September 1, 1948.

(3) For stations operating on the frequencies 100.3, 100.5, 100.7, 101.1, 101.3, 101.5, 101.9, 102.1, 102.5, 102.7 mcs., December 1, 1948.

(4) For stations operating on the frequencies 92.3, 92.5, 92.9, 93.1, 93.3, 93.7, 93.9, 94.1, 94.5, 94.7 mcs., March 1, 1949.

(5) For stations operating on the frequencies 94.3, 95.3, 95.9 mcs., June 1, 1949.

(6) For stations operating on the frequencies 102.3, 103.1, 103.9 mcs., September 1, 1949.

(7) For stations operating on the frequencies 102.9, 103.3, 103.5, 103.7, 104.1, 104.3, 104.5, 104.7, 105.1, 105.3 mcs., December 1, 1949.

(8) For stations operating on the frequencies 94.9, 95.1, 95.5, 95.7, 96.1, 96.3, 96.5, 96.9, 97.1, 97.3 mcs., March 1, 1950.

(9) For stations operating on the frequencies 96.7, 97.7, 98.3, 99.3 mcs., June 1, 1950.

(10) For stations operating on the frequencies 104.9, 105.5, 106.3, 107.1 mcs., September 1, 1950.

(11) For stations operating on the frequencies 105.7, 105.9, 106.1, 106.5, 106.7, 106.9, 107.3, 107.5, 107.7, 107.9 mcs., December 1, 1950.

(12) For stations operating on the frequencies 97.5, 97.9, 98.1, 98.5, 98.7, 98.9, 99.1, 99.5, 99.7, 99.9 mcs., March 1, 1951.

§ 3.518 *Normal license period.* (a) All initial licenses covering construction permits for new Non-Commercial Educational FM broadcast stations will be issued so as to expire at the hour of 3

a. m., eastern standard time, and will be issued for a minimum period of one year and a maximum period of one year and 11 months to expire in accordance with the following schedule:

(1) For stations operating on the frequencies 88.1, 88.3, 88.5, 88.7, 88.9, 89.1, 89.3, 89.5, 89.7 and 89.9 mcs., June 1.

(2) For stations operating on the frequencies 90.1, 90.3, 90.5, 90.7, 90.9, 91.1, 91.3, 91.5, 91.7 and 91.9 mcs., September 1.

(b) All renewals of Non-Commercial Educational FM broadcast station licenses will be issued so as to expire at the hour of 3 a. m., eastern standard time, and will be issued for a maximum period of three years to expire in accordance with the following schedule and at 3-year intervals thereafter:

(1) For stations operating on the frequencies 88.1, 88.3, 88.5 mcs., June 1, 1948.

(2) For stations operating on the frequencies 90.1, 90.3, 90.5 mcs., September 1, 1948.

(3) For stations operating on the frequencies 88.7, 88.9, 89.1 mcs., June 1, 1949.

(4) For stations operating on the frequencies 90.7, 90.9, 91.1 mcs., September 1, 1949.

(5) For stations operating on the frequencies 89.3, 89.5, 89.7, 89.9 mcs., June 1, 1950.

(6) For stations operating on the frequencies 91.3, 91.5, 91.7, 91.9 mcs., September 1, 1950.

(Sec. 303 (c), 48 Stat. 1082, sec. 303 (r), 50 Stat. 191; 47 U. S. C. 303 (c), 303 (r))

Released: March 11, 1948.

By the Commission.

[SEAL]

T. J. SLOWIE,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 48-2305; Filed, Mar. 15, 1948;
10:34 a. m.]

PART 12—AMATEUR RADIO SERVICE

PORTABLE AND NON-PORTABLE STATIONS

At a session of the Federal Communications Commission held at its offices in Washington, D. C., on the 10th day of March 1948;

The Commission having under consideration the amendment of §§ 12.92 and 12.93 of the Commission's rules governing amateur radio service by deleting footnotes 1 and 2 to these sections; and

It appearing, that these footnotes were adopted by Order Nos. 132 and 132-A for the primary purpose of obtaining current information relating to the present location of amateur stations whose licensees had changed their permanent addresses or residences during the war and were operating at locations other than specified in their station licenses by requiring amateur station licensees to notify the appropriate Commission Field Office when engaging in the operation of their stations at permanent locations other than those specified in their station licenses, or when engaging in operations in the amateur frequency bands above 25 megacycles; and

It further appearing that the Commission has now received this information and established a record of the present address or location of active licensed

amateur stations, and that footnotes 1 and 2 to §§ 12.92 and 12.93 have served the purpose for which they were adopted and are no longer required; and

It further appearing, that authority for the amendments is contained in section 303 (r) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended; and

It further appearing, that since the proposed amendments are designed to relax certain requirements presently in effect, notice of proposed rule making herein pursuant to section 4 of the Administrative Procedure Act is unnecessary and said amendments may be made effective immediately.

It is ordered, That, effective immediately, footnotes 1 and 2 to §§ 12.92 and 12.93 be deleted, and that hereafter the operation of amateur stations be in accordance with the provisions of §§ 12.92 and 12.93 of the Commission's rules governing amateur radio service.

It is further ordered, That, effective immediately, Order Nos. 132 and 132-A be cancelled.

(Sec. 303 (r) 50 Stat. 191, 47 U. S. C. 303 (r))

Released: March 11, 1948.

By the Commission.

[SEAL]

T. J. SLOWIE,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 48-2308; Filed, Mar. 15, 1948;
10:34 a. m.]

[Docket No. 7858]

PART 18—INDUSTRIAL, SCIENTIFIC AND MEDICAL SERVICE

MISCELLANEOUS EQUIPMENT

At a session of the Federal Communications Commission held at its offices in Washington, D. C. on the 10th day of March 1948;

The Commission having under consideration a proposal to adopt Part 18 of its rules and regulations as the rules governing miscellaneous equipment, as defined in § 18.2 (d) of that part; and

It appearing, that the Commission issued an order on May 9, 1947, adopting as final as of June 15, 1947, Part 18 of its rules and regulations in so far as that part was applicable to medical diathermy and industrial heating equipment; and

It further appearing, that in conjunction with the above-mentioned order, the Commission issued and published in the FEDERAL REGISTER a notice of proposed rule making, which notice proposed the adoption of Part 18 to the extent that it concerns miscellaneous equipment, as defined in § 18.2 (d) and provided for the submission of briefs, comments or statements with respect to such proposed

adoption of the rules by May 31, 1947; and that on May 22, 1947, the Commission issued and published in the FEDERAL REGISTER an order extending the effective date of Part 18 in so far as such part was applicable to medical diathermy and industrial heating equipment to June 30, 1947, and the time for the submission of comments with respect to the proposals in the notice of proposed rule making to June 5, 1947; and

It further appearing, that all briefs, comments or statements submitted with respect to the proposed rules have been carefully considered by the Commission; and

It further appearing, that adoption of the said Part 18, in so far as it concerns miscellaneous equipment (1) will establish the conditions under which the operation of miscellaneous equipment is not regarded as a cause of interference to authorized services and is therefore not required to be operated pursuant to license under the Communications Act; and (2) will provide a procedure for the licensing of such equipment which in operation constitutes a source of interference to authorized communication services and directly affects the control of the Federal Government over the channels of interstate and foreign radio communications; and

It further appearing, that § 18.51 of the rules, which is presently applicable to diathermy and industrial heating equipment, and with the adoption of the attached order will be likewise applicable to miscellaneous equipment, provides that all such equipment manufactured and assembled prior to July 1, 1947, be exempt from the provisions of Part 18 for a period of 5 years beginning with the effective date of that part, provided prompt steps are taken to secure the elimination of interference to authorized radio services resulting from the operation of such equipment; and -

It further appearing, that in order to prevent undue hardship to manufacturers and users of miscellaneous equipment, § 18.51 should be amended so as to provide that miscellaneous equipment constructed during the period beginning July 1, 1947 and ending April 30, 1948, the date Part 18 will become effective as to such equipment, may be likewise exempt from the provisions of Part 18, subject to the same proviso as diathermy equipment with respect to interference; and that an extension of the date July 1, 1947 to April 30, 1948 in the case of miscellaneous equipment would effect such an amendment; and

It further appearing, that § 18.17 of the rules now in effect requires the elimination of interference to existing radio services resulting from the operation of

diathermy equipment in accord with Part 18, which section is also made applicable to miscellaneous equipment by the provisions of § 18.31, adopting the rules governing diathermy equipment for miscellaneous equipment; and that in order to insure clarity of requirements with respect to the elimination of interference resulting from the operation of miscellaneous equipment and to promote uniformity between the respective portions of Part 18 concerned with various types of equipment regulated thereby, § 18.32 which provides for the elimination of interference resulting from the operation of miscellaneous equipment, should be adopted:

It is ordered, That effective April 30, 1948, Part 18 of the Commission's rules and regulations, to the extent that the provisions thereof are applicable to the operation of "Miscellaneous Equipment" as defined in § 18.2 (d) of said part, is adopted as the rules and regulations governing miscellaneous equipment.

It is further ordered, That effective April 30, 1948, § 18.51 of the rules and regulations is amended to read as follows:

§ 18.51 *Existing equipment*. The provisions of this part shall not be applicable until June 30, 1952 to diathermy and industrial heating equipment, the manufacture and assembly of which was completed prior to July 1, 1947, nor shall they be applicable until April 30, 1953 to miscellaneous equipment, the manufacture and assembly of which was completed prior to April 30, 1948; *Provided*, That the foregoing provisions of this section shall be applicable only if such steps as may be suitable under the circumstances are promptly taken to eliminate interference to authorized radio services resulting from the operation of equipment manufactured prior to the respective dates hereinabove set forth.

It is further ordered, That effective April 30, 1948 new § 18.32 is added to read as follows:

§ 18.32 *Interference from equipment operated in accordance with § 18.31*. In the event of interference to any authorized radio services caused by equipment operated in accordance with § 18.31, steps to remedy such interference conditions shall be taken promptly.

(Secs. 301, 303 (f), 48 Stat. 1081, 1082, sec. 303 (r) 50 Stat. 191, 47 U. S. C., 301, 303 (f) 303 (r))

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS
COMMISSION,

[SEAL]

T. J. SLOWIE,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 48-2271; Filed, Mar. 15, 1948;
8:48 a. m.]

PROPOSED RULE MAKING

CIVIL AERONAUTICS BOARD

[14 CFR, Part 43]

ADDITIONAL OPERATING REQUIREMENTS FOR CARRIAGE OF PERSONS FOR HIRE

NOTICE OF PROPOSED RULE MAKING

MARCH 10, 1948.

Notice is hereby given that the Civil Aeronautics Board has under consideration certain amendments of Part 43 of the Civil Air Regulations as hereinafter set forth.

Interested persons may participate in the making of the proposed rules by submitting such written data, views, or arguments as they may desire. Communications should be submitted to the Civil Aeronautics Board, attention Safety Bureau, Washington 25, D. C. All communications received by April 15, 1948, will be considered by the Board before taking further action on the proposed rules.

Prior to the termination of World War II, there was only a limited number of operators engaged in large-scale, non-air carrier carriage of passengers for compensation or hire; moreover, the aircraft they operated with but few exceptions were small single-engine airplanes of limited capacity and range. Since the end of the war, with the release by the armed forces of large aircraft purchasable with limited capital, there has been a significant change in the pattern of contract passenger operations. Today, there are many operators claiming non-air carrier status operating large aircraft over considerable distances, even as far as Europe and the Far East. These operations, which in substance differ but slightly from those of the irregular and scheduled air carriers, are at present governed, with but few additional requirements, by the same rules as are applicable to the private pilot operating his own light plane. A study of the operating record of these contract carriers, including accidents where numbers of persons have been killed, reveals serious differences in some of these operations as compared with the standards required of the air carriers.

It is the desire of the Board, in the rules below proposed, to establish safety standards for operations involving the non-air carrier carriage of persons for compensation or hire at the same level as those which will govern irregular air carrier operations. These in turn are as similar to the scheduled air carrier rules as the inherent differences in the nature of the operations will permit. The proposed rules will establish new standards for aircraft operation, equipment, maintenance, and for airman competency. It is proposed to make such rules as are adopted effective 30 days after the date of their adoption.

It is proposed to amend Part 43 by adding a new § 43.8 to read as follows:

§ 43.8 *Operating requirements for carriage of persons for hire.* (a) Any person carrying passengers by air for compensation or hire shall, in addition to other applicable requirements of the Civil Air Regulations, comply with the requirements of Part 42 of the Civil Air Regulations, as amended,¹ except for §§ 42.0, 42.10, 42.15, 42.233, 42.251, 42.39, 42.42, 42.45 and 42.46.

(b) Any person carrying passengers by air for compensation or hire shall comply with the following additional requirements:

(1) *Fire prevention.* Irrespective of the basis for certification, all aircraft in passenger service possessing engine(s) rated at more than 600 h. p. (each) for maximum continuous operation shall comply with the following by September 1, 1948: Except that, if the Administrator finds that in particular models of existing aircraft literal compliance with specific items of these requirements might be extremely difficult of accomplishment and that such compliance would not contribute materially to the objective sought, he may accept such measures of compliance as he finds will effectively accomplish the basic objectives of these regulations:

(i) Sections 04b.075 and 04b.3824 (a) of the Civil Air Regulations as amended September 20, 1946,

(ii) At the first major fuselage overhaul §§ 04b.38210, 04b.38230, 04b.3824 (b) (c) and (d) 04b.33251, and 04b.38252 of the Civil Air Regulations as amended September 20, 1946,

(iii) At the first major wing center-section overhaul §§ 04b.4113, 04b.4211, 04b.4231 (c) 04b.425 through 04b.4251, 04b.4320, 04b.4321, 04b.433, 04b.434, 04b.441 through 04b.4413, 04b.470 through 04b.472, 04b.49 through 04b.4902, 04b.491 (a) and (c) and 04b.4910 through 04b.493 of the Civil Air Regulations as amended September 20, 1946.

(2) *Maintenance and inspections.* Aircraft shall be maintained in a continuous condition of airworthiness. All inspections, repairs, alterations, and maintenance shall be performed in accordance with Part 18 of the Civil Air Regulations.

(3) *Inspections.* Aircraft shall be given:

(i) A line inspection within each 25 hours of flight time;

(ii) A periodic inspection within each 100 hours of flight time;

(iii) An annual inspection within the preceding 12 months. The annual inspection shall be accepted as a periodic inspection.

(iv) Aircraft maintained and inspected in accordance with a continuous maintenance and inspection system ap-

proved by the Administrator are exempted from the requirements of subdivisions (i) (ii) and (iii) of this subparagraph.

(v) Copies of the latest inspection reports required by subdivisions (i) (ii) and (iii) or (iv) of this subparagraph shall be carried in the aircraft.

(4) *Maintenance facilities.* Facilities and personnel for the proper inspection, maintenance, overhaul, and repair of the types of aircraft used shall be provided by the operator, except where arrangements are made for the performance of this work by an agency qualified therefor. A copy of the contract or a memorandum of any oral agreement embodying such arrangements shall be available at the principal operations office of the operator for inspection by authorized representatives of the Board or Administrator.

(5) *Route requirements—(i) VFR night operations.* Aircraft carrying passengers at night shall be operated only over lighted civil airways. The airports to be used shall be equipped with adequate lighting facilities.

(ii) *IFR operations.* Aircraft carrying passengers under instrument flight rule conditions shall be operated only over civil airways equipped with radio ranges or equivalent facilities.

(iii) *Off-airway operations.* Aircraft may be operated other than as provided in subdivisions (i) and (ii) of this subparagraph only if the Administrator finds that instrument navigation may be conducted over the entire route by the use of radio direction finding equipment installed in the aircraft.

This amendment is proposed under the authority of Title VI of the Civil Aeronautics Act of 1938, as amended.

(Secs. 205 (a) 601 through 610, inclusive, 52 Stat. 984, 1007-1012; 49 U. S. C. 425 (a) 551-560)

Dated: March 10, 1948.

By the Civil Aeronautics Board.

[SEAL] M. C. MULLIGAN,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 42-2270; Filed, Mar. 15, 1948; 8:47 a. m.]

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

[47 CFR, Part 31]

[Docket No. 8327]

USE OF COMMON ANTENNA

NOTICE OF PROPOSED RULE MAKING

In the matter of amendment of section 3.45 (e) of rules and regulations and section 19 of Standards of Good Engineering Practice concerning the use of a common antenna by one or more stand-

¹ For the purpose of this proposal, Part 42 will be treated as if the proposed amendments of that part published in the FEDERAL REGISTER on February 21, 1948 (13 F. R. 810-814) and as Draft Release 48-1, as well as all previously adopted amendments, were a part thereof.

ard broadcast stations or by one or more standard broadcast stations and a station of any other class or service.

1. Notice is hereby given of proposed rule making in the above-entitled matter.

2. The proposed rule changes contemplate amendment of § 3.45 (e) of the rules and regulations and section 19 of the Standards of Good Engineering Practice to delete the requirement that the simultaneous use of a common antenna or antenna structure by two standard broadcast stations, or by one or more standard broadcast stations and a station of any other class or service, will not be authorized unless the stations are licensed to the same licensee, and to substitute therefor a liberalized rule permitting, such operation by two or more stations provided one of the licensees accepts responsibility for maintaining, painting and illuminating the structure, thus permitting more efficient utilization of available transmitter sites.

3. Section 3.45 (e) of the rules and section 19 of the Standards are proposed to be amended as follows:

(e) The simultaneous use of a common antenna or antenna structure by more than one standard broadcast station, or by one or more standard broadcast stations and one or more stations of any other class or service may be authorized provided complete responsibility for maintaining the installation and for painting and illuminating the structure in accordance with paragraph (d) of this section and for compliance with the pertinent provisions of the Standards of Good Engineering Practice is assumed by one of the licensees. (See section 19, Use of Common Antenna by Standard Broadcast Stations or Another Radio Station.)

19. Use of common antenna by standard broadcast stations or another radio station. Section 3.45 (e), under certain conditions, permits the simultaneous use of the same antenna or antenna structure by more than

one standard broadcast station or by one or more standard broadcast stations and one or more stations of any other class or service.

Prerequisites to an authorization for simultaneous use are:

(1) Submission of complete verified engineering data showing that satisfactory operation of each station will be obtained without adversely affecting the operation of the other station.

(2) Compliance with § 3.45 (a) and (b) with respect to the minimum antenna height or field intensity for each standard broadcast station concerned.

4. The proposed amendments are issued under the authority of sections 303 (d) 303 (e) 303 (f) 303 (g) and 303 (r) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended.

5. Any interested party who is of the opinion that the proposed rule should not be adopted or should not be adopted in the form set forth herein, may file with the Commission, on or before March 31, 1948, a written statement or brief setting forth his comments. The Commission will consider all comments that are received before taking final action in the matter, and if any comments are received which appear to warrant the Commission in holding an oral argument before final action is taken, notice of the time and place of such oral argument will be given interested parties.

6. In accordance with the provisions § 1.764 of the Commission's rules and regulations, an original and 14 copies of all statements, briefs or comments filed shall be furnished the Commission.

Adopted: March 10, 1948.

Released: March 11, 1948.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS
COMMISSION,

[SEAL] T. J. SLOWIE,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 48-2306; Filed, Mar. 15, 1948;
10:34 a. m.]

[47 CFR, Parts 5, 10, 11, 16, 17]

[Docket No. 8294]

EXPERIMENTAL, EMERGENCY, MISCELLANEOUS, RAILROAD AND UTILITY RADIO SERVICES

ORDER DISMISSING PROCEEDINGS WITH
RESPECT TO PROPOSED RULE MAKING

In the matter of Notice of Proposed Rule Making: Amendment of §§ 5.22, 5.23, 5.25 and 5.28 of Part 5, amendment of §§ 10.61, 10.62, 10.66 and 10.101 of Part 10, amendment of §§ 11.45, 11.51, 11.52 and 11.56 of Part 11, amendment of §§ 10.63, 16.65, and 16.101 of Part 16, amendment of §§ 17.143, 17.146, 17.147 and 17.161 of Part 17; adding new §§ 5.34 and 5.35 of Part 5, adding new §§ 10.65, 10.73 and 10.114 of Part 10, adding new §§ 11.55, 11.63 and 11.72 of Part 11, adding new §§ 16.144, 16.145 and 16.146 of Part 16; and deleting § 17.148 of Part 17 for the purpose of changing and standardizing requirements regarding transmitter omission measurements, changes in equipment; keeping of station records, channel width and modulation, frequency stability, inspection of tower lights and associated control equipment, and remote control in the Experimental, Emergency, Miscellaneous, Railroad and Utility Radio Services.

The Commission having issued, April 10, 1947, a notice of proposed rule making with respect to the above-captioned sections of its rules and regulations; and

It appearing, that the adoption of the said proposals is not advisable at this time;

It is ordered, That effective immediately, the proceedings in Docket No. 8294 are dismissed.

Adopted: March 10, 1948.

Released: March-11, 1948.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS
COMMISSION,

[SEAL] T. J. SLOWIE,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 48-2307; Filed, Mar. 15, 1948;
10:34 a. m.]

NOTICES

FEDERAL POWER COMMISSION

[Project No. 1989]

WISCONSIN PUBLIC SERVICE CORP.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR LICENSE

MARCH 11, 1948.

Public notice is hereby given pursuant to the provisions of the Federal Power Act (16 U. S. C. 791-825r) that Wisconsin Public Service Corporation, of Milwaukee 1, Wisconsin, has filed application for license for constructed major Project No. 1989 (Merrill), on the Wisconsin River in Lincoln County, Wisconsin, consisting of a concrete dam about 400 feet long equipped with 26 gates, a head-race section 305 feet long, a powerhouse 115 feet long across the lower end of the head-race containing two 575-horsepower turbines connected to two 420-kilowatt generators operating under a normal head of 14 feet, a reservoir with area of approximately 373 acres, and appurtenant works.

Any protest against the approval of this application or request for hearing thereon, with the reasons for such protest or request and the name and address of the party or parties so protesting or requesting, should be submitted before April 23, 1948, to the Federal Power Commission, Washington 25, D. C.

[SEAL] LEON M. FUQUAY,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 48-2265; Filed, Mar. 15, 1948;
8:46 a. m.]

[Project No. 1990]

FRANCIS N. DLOUHY

NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR PRELIMINARY PERMIT

MARCH 11, 1948.

Public notice is hereby given, pursuant to the provisions of the Federal Power Act (16 U. S. C. 791-825r) that Francis

N. Dlouhy, of Los Angeles, California, has filed application for preliminary permit for proposed Project No. 1990, on Kings River, in Fresno County, California, to consist of a dam near the junction of the Middle and South Forks creating a small reservoir, a conduit about 15 miles long, a powerhouse at or near the mouth of the North Fork with installation of about 410,000 horsepower operating under a head of more than 1,200 feet, and appurtenant facilities.

Any protest against the approval of the application or request for hearing thereon, with the reason for such protest or request and the name and address of the party or parties so protesting or requesting should be submitted before April 16, 1948, to the Federal Power Commission, Washington 25, D. C.

[SEAL] LEON M. FUQUAY,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 48-2266; Filed, Mar. 15, 1948;
8:47 a. m.]

[Docket No. IT-6096]

CALIFORNIA ELECTRIC POWER CO.

ORDER APPROVING SALE OF FACILITIES, AND
VACATING ORDER FIXING DATE OF HEARING
AND ORDER TO SHOW CAUSE

MARCH 11, 1948.

It appears to the Commission that:

(a) On October 23, 1947, an application was filed pursuant to section 203 of the Federal Power Act by California Electric Power Company ("Applicant") seeking an order authorizing it to sell substantially all of its properties and electric facilities in Yuma County, Arizona, to Arizona Edison Company, Inc., for a base purchase price of \$850,000 subject to certain adjustments.

(b) The facilities proposed to be sold consist of approximately 33 miles of 34.5 kv single circuit transmission lines serving six substations having an aggregate capacity of 4900 kva, together with distribution facilities emanating from the aforementioned substations.

(c) The application indicates the book cost of the facilities proposed to be sold to be \$623,831.87 and the depreciated book cost at July 31, 1947, to be \$362,127.48.

(d) By order dated February 20, 1948, the Commission directed that a hearing be held on March 11, 1948, in Washington, D. C., concerning the issues presented by the application and further directed Arizona Edison Company, Inc., to show cause at the hearing why the Commission should not find and determine that upon consummation of the proposed purchase it would become and be a public utility within the meaning of the Federal Power Act subject to accounting requirements prescribed by the Commission, including any requirements with respect to the accounting for the purchase price paid which the Commission may find necessary in the public interest.

(e) On March 3, 1948, Applicant filed a Petition for Reconsideration of the Commission's order of February 20, 1948, referred to in paragraph (d) above.

(f) By letter dated March 10, 1948, Arizona Edison Company, Inc. advised the Commission that if as a result of a subsequent separate and lawful proceeding it is established that Arizona Edison Company, Inc., is subject to the jurisdiction of the Commission, approval of the sale at this time will be without prejudice to the Commission to require such accounting for the purchase as the Commission might have lawfully required at the time of the approval of such sale. Arizona Edison Company, Inc. further advised that it will restrict an amount of \$500,000 of its earned surplus account against any declaration of dividends, for a period of two years from the date of consummation of the transaction.

(g) Written notice of the aforesaid application has been duly given to the Public Utilities Commission of California, the Public Service Commission of Nevada, the Corporation Commission of Arizona and to the Governors of each of those States. Notice of the application was also published in the FEDERAL REGISTER on October 31, 1947, (12 F. R. 7095) stating that any person desiring to be heard or to make any protest with reference

to the application should file a petition or protest on or before November 14, 1947. No protest or petition or request to be heard in opposition to the granting of such application has been received.

(h) The Corporation Commission of Arizona and the Public Utilities Commission of California, by orders dated October 31, and November 18, 1947, respectively, have approved the proposed sale of facilities.

Upon consideration of the application, the exhibits attached thereto and incorporated therein by Applicant, the Petition for Reconsideration filed by Applicant, and the letter submitted by Arizona Edison Company, Inc., in this matter, the Commission finds that:

(1) Applicant, a corporation, is a public utility within the meaning of section 203 of the Federal Power Act subject to the jurisdiction of the Commission as heretofore described and set out in the Commission's order dated June 11, 1946, in the Matter of California Electric Power Company, Docket No. IT-5991. Applicant subsequent to the sale of its Arizona properties as hereinafter authorized, will continue to be a public utility within the meaning of that term as used in the Federal Power Act.

(2) The proposed sale of facilities by Applicant include facilities for the transmission of electric energy transmitted from one State and consumed by persons other than the transmitter thereof at points outside of such State, and the sale of such facilities is subject to the requirements of section 203 of the Federal Power Act.

(3) The proposed sale of facilities by the Applicant, upon the terms and conditions contained in the application and the letter submitted by Arizona Edison Company, Inc. on March 10, 1948, and as hereinafter authorized, will be consistent with the public interest.

The Commission orders that:

(A) The proposed sale of facilities referred to in paragraph (a) above, by the Applicant, for the reasons set forth in paragraph (3), above, is hereby authorized and approved, subject to the provisions of this order.

(B) The foregoing authorization is without prejudice to the authority of this Commission or any other regulatory body, with respect to rates, service, accounts, valuations, estimates or determinations of cost, or any other matter whatsoever pending, or which may come before this Commission, or such other regulatory body, and nothing in this order shall be construed as an acquiescence by this Commission in any estimate or determination of cost or any evaluation of property claimed or asserted.

(C) This authorization shall expire unless acted upon within sixty days from the date of this order.

(D) Applicant shall report within ten days after the consummation of the proposed sale, as required by the Rules of Practice and Regulations, and shall file proposed journal entries within six months of the consummation of the proposed sale as required by the Commission's Uniform System of Accounts.

(E) The Commission's order dated February 20, 1948, in this matter and

entitled "Order Fixing Date of Hearing on Application for Authority to Sell Facilities and Requiring Purchaser to Show Cause With Respect Thereto," be and the same hereby is vacated.

Date of issuance: March 11, 1948.

By the Commission.

[SEAL]

LEON M. FUQUAY,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 48-2267; Filed, Mar. 15, 1948;
8:47 a. m.]

INTERSTATE COMMERCE
COMMISSION

[S. O. 790, Amdt. 18 to Corr. Special
Directive 1]

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD CO.

DIRECTIVE TO FURNISH CARS FOR COAL
SUPPLY

Upon further consideration of the provisions of Special Directive No. 1 (12 F. R. 7950) under Service Order No. 790 (12 F. R. 7791), and good cause appearing therefor:

It is ordered, That Special Directive No. 1, be, and it is hereby amended by changing Appendix A of Amendment No. 15 as follows:

Mine:	Cars per day
Add: Bernice.....	1

A copy of this amendment shall be served upon The Pennsylvania Railroad Company and notice of this amendment shall be given the public by depositing a copy in the office of the Secretary of the Commission, Washington, D. C., and by filing it with the Director of the Division of the Federal Register.

Issued at Washington, D. C., this 8th day of March A. D. 1948.

INTERSTATE COMMERCE
COMMISSION,
HOMER C. KING,
Director
Bureau of Service.

[F. R. Doc. 48-2263; Filed, Mar. 15, 1948;
8:47 a. m.]

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE
COMMISSION

[File No. 30-136]

AMERICAN STATES UTILITIES CORP.

ORDER CONCERNING HOLDING COMPANY
STATUS

At a regular session of the Securities and Exchange Commission, held at its office in the city of Washington, D. C., on the 10th day of March A. D. 1948.

American States Utilities Corporation, a registered holding company having filed an application pursuant to section 5 (d) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935 requesting an order declaring that it has ceased to be a holding company.

It appearing that pursuant to a plan and amendments thereto filed by American States Utilities Corporation to effect compliance with section 11 (e) of the act, approved by the Commission by

order dated October 2, 1947 (Holding Company Act Release No. 7721) and ordered enforced by the United States District Court for the District of Nebraska by order dated November 24, 1947, American States Utilities Corporation has disposed of all its assets including voting and other securities of its former public utility subsidiaries Edison Sault Electric Company and Southern California Water Company; and

The Commission finding that American States Utilities Corporation has ceased to be a holding company and that its registration as a holding company should cease to be in effect and that it is not necessary to impose any terms or conditions for the protection of investors in connection with the termination of such registration:

It is ordered, That American States Utilities Corporation has ceased to be a holding company and that the registration of American States Utilities Company as a holding company under the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935 shall from the date of the entry of this order cease to be effective.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] ORVAL L. DuBOIS,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 48-2258; Filed, Mar. 15, 1948;
8:45 a. m.]

[File No. 1-2416]

PROVINCE OF BUENOS AIRES

ORDER GRANTING APPLICATION TO STRIKE FROM LISTING AND REGISTRATION

At a regular session of the Securities and Exchange Commission, held at its office in the city of Washington, D. C., on the 10th day of March A. D. 1948.

The New York Stock Exchange, pursuant to section 12 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule X-12D2-1 (b) promulgated thereunder, having made application to strike from listing and registration the 6% Refunding External Sinking Fund Gold Bonds due March 1, 1961 (Stamped pursuant to Loan Readjustment Plan of 1933) of the Province of Buenos Aires;

Appropriate notice and opportunity for hearing having been given to interested persons and the public generally.

No request having been received from any interested person for a hearing in this matter; and

The Commission having duly considered the facts stated in the application, and having due regard for the public interest and the protection of investors;

It is ordered, That said application be, and the same is, hereby granted, effective at the close of the trading session on March 20, 1948.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] ORVAL L. DuBOIS,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 48-2260; Filed, Mar. 15, 1948;
8:45 a. m.]

[File No. 70-1727]

PUBLIC SERVICE CO. OF OKLAHOMA

SUPPLEMENTAL ORDER RELEASING JURISDICTION AND GRANTING APPLICATION

At a regular session of the Securities and Exchange Commission held at its office in the city of Washington, D. C. on the 10th day of March A. D. 1948.

Public Service Company of Oklahoma ("Public Service"), a public utility subsidiary of Central and South West Corporation, a registered holding company, having filed an application, and amendments thereto, pursuant to section 6 (b) of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935, and Rule U-50 promulgated thereunder, regarding the issue and sale at competitive bidding of \$10,000,000 principal amount of its First Mortgage Bonds, Series B, ----%, to be dated February 1, 1948, and to mature February 1, 1978; and

The Commission, by order dated February 25, 1948, having granted said application, as amended; subject to the terms and conditions prescribed in Rule U-24; and

The Commission having provided in said order that the issue and sale of said bonds, pursuant to Rule U-50, shall not be consummated until the results of competitive bidding have been made a matter of record in this proceeding and a further order entered by this Commission in the light of the record so completed, which order may contain such further terms and conditions as may then be deemed appropriate and having reserved jurisdiction for such purpose; and

Public Service now having filed a further amendment herein which states that, in accordance with the Commission's order of February 25, 1948, said bonds have been offered for sale pursuant to the competitive bidding requirements of Rule U-50 and that the following bids have been received:

Bidders	Coupon rate	Price to company (percent of principal amount) ¹	Cost to company
	Percent	Percent	Percent
Salomon Bros. & Hutzler...	2%	97.333	3.0108
Halsey, Stuart & Co., Inc.		97.3299	3.011
Shields & Co., White, Weld & Co.	2%	97.312	3.0110
Harriman Ripley & Co., Inc.	3	99.57	3.0222
The First Boston Corp.	3	99.519	3.0248
Glore, Forgan & Co.	3	99.429	3.0294

¹ Plus accrued interest from Feb. 1, 1948.

Said amendment further states that Public Service has accepted the bid of Salomon Bros. & Hutzler as set out above, and that said bonds will be offered for sale to the public at a price of 97.540% of the principal amount thereof plus accrued interest from February 1, 1948, to the date of delivery, resulting in an underwriting spread equal to 0.207% of the principal amount of said bonds; and

The Commission having examined said amendment and having considered the record herein and finding no basis for imposing terms and conditions with

respect to the price to be paid the company for said bonds, the coupon rate and the proposed underwriting spread:

It is ordered, That the jurisdiction heretofore reserved with respect to the matters to be determined as a result of competitive bidding for said bonds under Rule U-50 be, and hereby is, released, and that said application, as amended, be, and hereby is, granted, subject, however, to the terms and conditions prescribed in Rule U-24.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] ORVAL L. DuBOIS,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 48-2231; Filed, Mar. 15, 1948;
8:45 a. m.]

[File No. 1-3069]

A. D. F. Co.

ORDER GRANTING APPLICATION TO STRIKE FROM LISTING AND REGISTRATION

At a regular session of the Securities and Exchange Commission, held at its office in the city of Washington, D. C., on the 10th day of March A. D. 1948.

The Detroit Stock Exchange, pursuant to section 12 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule X-12D2-1 (b) promulgated thereunder, having made application to strike from listing and registration the Capital Stock, \$5.00 Par Value, of A. D. F. Co., which until August 27, 1945 was known as Atlas Drop Forge Company.

Appropriate notice and opportunity for hearing having been given to interested persons and the public generally;

No request having been received from any interested person for a hearing in this matter; and

The Commission having duly considered the facts stated in the application, and having due regard for the public interest and the protection of investors;

It is ordered, That said application be, and the same is, hereby granted, effective at the close of the trading session on March 20, 1948.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] ORVAL L. DuBOIS,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 48-2262; Filed, Mar. 15, 1948;
8:46 a. m.]

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Office of Alien Property

AUTHORITY: 40 Stat. 411, 55 Stat. 839, Pub. Laws 322, 671, 79th Cong., 60 Stat. 50, 925; 50 U. S. C. and Supp. App. 1, 616; E. O. 9103, July 6, 1942, 3 CFR, Cum. Supp., E. O. 9587, June 8, 1945, 3 CFR, 1945 Supp., E. O. 9788, Oct. 14, 1946, 11 F. R. 11981.

[Vesting Order 10740]

MAX AND AUGUSTE HEINZE

In re: Stock owned by Max Heinze and Auguste Heinze, F-28-28675-A-1.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Execu-

utive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Max Heinze and Auguste Heinze, whose last known addresses are 3 Westerwaldestrasse, Wiesbaden, Germany, are residents of Germany and nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany)

2. That the property described as follows:

a. Those certain shares of stock described in Exhibit A, attached hereto and by reference made a part hereof, registered in the names of Max and Auguste Heinze, together with all declared and unpaid dividends thereon,

b. Seventy two (72) shares of preferred capital stock of 39 Broadway, Inc., 39 Broadway, New York 6, New York, evidenced by certificates numbered PO2086 for seventy (70) shares, PO7275 and PO2230 for one (1) share each, registered in the names of Max and Auguste Heinze, together with all declared and unpaid dividends thereon, and any and all rights under a plan of reorganization dated

July 24, 1942 of Broadway-Trinity Place Corp. (New York) and

c. Seventy two (72) shares of common capital stock of 39 Broadway Inc., 39 Broadway, New York 6, New York, evidenced by certificates numbered CO2086 for seventy (70) shares, CO7275 and CO2230 for one (1) share each, registered in the names of Max and Auguste Heinze, together with all declared and unpaid dividends thereon, and any and all rights under a plan of reorganization dated July 24, 1942 of Broadway-Trinity Place Corp. (New York)

is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, the aforesaid nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany),

and it is hereby determined:

3. That to the extent that the persons named in subparagraph 1 hereof are not within a designated enemy country, the

national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany)

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on February 24, 1948.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] DAVID L. BAZELON,
Assistant Attorney General,
Director Office of Alien Property.

EXHIBIT A

Name and address of issuing corporation	State of incorporation	Certificate number	Number of shares	Par value	Type of stock
Fred F. French operators, Inc., 551 5th Ave., New York, N. Y.	New York	PO7317	50	\$100	6-percent noncumulative preferred.
		PO11631	10	100	Do.
		CO3143	15	no par	Common.
		CO11453	3	no par	Do.
Fred F. French Investing Co., Inc., 551 5th Ave., New York, N. Y.	do	PO2094	1	100	7-percent noncumulative preferred.
		PO1231	1	100	Do.
		PO2010	1	100	Do.
		PO2074	2	100	Do.
		PO2031	3	100	Do.
		CO12223	2	no par	Common.
		CO12073	3	no par	Do.
		CO13518	2	no par	Do.
		CO14510	2	no par	Do.
551 5th Ave., Inc. (New York), 551 5th Ave., New York, N. Y.	do	11631	10	100	6-percent preferred.
Prospect Hill Apartments, Inc., (New York), 551 5th Ave., New York, N. Y.	do	11718	10	no par	Common.
		5351	2	100	6-percent preferred.
		5325	1	100	Do.
		5334	2	no par	Common.
		5335	1	no par	Do.
Tudor City Fourth Unit, Inc., 551 5th Ave., New York, N. Y.	do	PO2305	1	-----	6-percent preferred.
		PO2353	1	-----	Do.
		PO2741	2	-----	Do.
		PO2229	1	-----	Do.
		CO2337	1	no par	Common.
		CO2327	1	no par	Do.
		CO2735	2	no par	Do.
		CO2351	1	no par	Do.
Tudor City Fifth Unit, Inc., 551 5th Ave., New York, N. Y.	do	PO2549	20	100	6-percent preferred.
		PO1170	1	100	Do.
		CO2545	20	no par	Common.
		CO1753	1	no par	Do.
Tudor City Sixth Unit, Inc., 551 5th Ave., New York, N. Y.	do	PO237	20	100	6-percent preferred.
		PO235	1	100	Do.
		CO234	20	no par	Common.
		CO233	1	no par	Do.
Tudor City Tenth Unit, Inc., 551 5th Ave., New York, N. Y.	do	PO239	5	100	6-percent preferred.
		CO239	5	no par	Common.
Tudor City Twelfth Unit, Inc., 551 5th Ave., New York, N. Y.	do	PO123	57	100	6-percent preferred.
		CO133	57	no par	Common.

[F. R. Doc. 48-2277; Filed, Mar. 16, 1948; 8:48 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 10776]

EDWARD H. FISCHER

In re: Estate of Edward H. Fischer, deceased. File D-28-12094; E. T. sec. 16310.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Helen Schmitt (nee Oswald), whose last known address is Germany, is a resident of Germany and a national of a designated enemy Country (Germany),

2. That all right, title, interest and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of the person identified in subparagraph 1 hereof in and to the estate of Edward H. Fischer, deceased, is property payable or deliverable to, or claimed by, the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country (Germany),

3. That such property is in the process of administration by Charles Brandt, Jr. and William V. Fischer, as executors, acting under the judicial supervision of the Surrogate's Court of Bronx County, New York;

and it is hereby determined:

4. That to the extent that the person identified in subparagraph 1 hereof is not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country (Germany).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or other-

wise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on March 3, 1948.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] DAVID L. BAZELON,
Assistant Attorney General,
Director, Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 48-2278; Filed, Mar. 15, 1948;
8:48 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 10778]

HEDWIG HEIFER

In re: Estate of Hedwig Heifer a/k/a Hattie Heifer, deceased. File D-28-12189; E. T. sec. 16413.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Martha Kleine, Helene Gruner, Anna Kretschmar, Louisa Uhlig, Richard Posselt, Heinz Posselt and Gustav Posselt, whose last known address is Germany, are residents of Germany and nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany)

2. That the issue, names unknown, of Martha Kleine, the issue, names unknown, of Helene Gruner, the issue, names unknown, of Anna Kretschmar, the issue, names unknown, of Louisa Uhlig, the issue, names unknown, of Richard Posselt and the issue, names unknown, of Gustav Posselt, who there is reasonable cause to believe are residents of Germany, are nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany)

3. That all right, title, interest and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of the persons identified in subparagraphs 1 and 2 hereof, and each of them, in and to the estate of Hedwig Heifer a/k/a Hattie Heifer, deceased, is property payable or deliverable to, or claimed by, the aforesaid nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany),

4. That such property is in the process of administration by Martha Morgner, as executrix, acting under the judicial supervision of the Surrogate's Court of Queens County, New York;

and it is hereby determined:

5. That to the extent that the persons named in subparagraph 1 hereof and the issue, names unknown, of Martha Kleine, the issue, names unknown, of Helene Gruner, the issue, names unknown, of Anna Kretschmar, the issue, names unknown, of Louisa Uhlig, the issue, names unknown, of Richard Posselt and the issue, names unknown, of Gustav Posselt are not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on March 3, 1948.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] DAVID L. BAZELON,
Assistant Attorney General,
Director, Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 48-2278; Filed, Mar. 15, 1948;
8:48 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 10784]

CHARLOTTE OETTEL-RETTIG

In re: Rights of Charlotte Oettel-Rettig under insurance contract. File No. F-28-23426-H-1.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Charlotte Oettel-Rettig, whose last known address is Germany, is a resident of Germany and a national of a designated enemy country (Germany),

2. That the net proceeds due or to become due under a contract of insurance evidenced by Policy No. 55625523, issued by The Prudential Insurance Company of America, Newark, New Jersey, to Charlotte Oettel-Rettig, together with the right to demand, receive and collect said net proceeds, is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of, or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country (Germany),

and it is hereby determined:

3. That to the extent that the person named in subparagraph 1 hereof is not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country (Germany)

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall

have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on March 3, 1948.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] DAVID L. BAZELON,
Assistant Attorney General,
Director, Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 48-2280; Filed, Mar. 15, 1948;
8:48 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 10786]

JOHANNA REINECKE

In re: Estate of Johanna Reinecke, a/k/a Johanna Marie Reinecke, deceased. File D-28-12172; E. T. sec. 16383.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Carl Reinecke, Heinz Reinecke, Willy Reinecke, and Fritz Reinecke, whose last known address is Germany, are residents of Germany and nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany),

2. That all right, title, interest and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of the persons named in subparagraph 1 hereof in and to the Estate of Johanna Reinecke, a/k/a Johanna Marie Reinecke, deceased, is property payable or deliverable to, or claimed by, the aforesaid nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany)

3. That such property is in the process of administration by Otto Reinecke, as administrator, acting under the judicial supervision of the County Court of the City and County of Denver, Colorado;

and it is hereby determined:

4. That to the extent that the persons named in subparagraph 1 hereof are not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany)

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on March 3, 1948.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] DAVID L. BAZELON,
Assistant Attorney General,
Director, Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 48-2248; Filed, Mar. 12, 1948;
9:00 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 10783]

GASTON A. SCHERER

In re: Trust u/w of Gaston A. Scherer, deceased. File No. D-28-12178, E. T. sec. 16397.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Mrs. Elisabeth Sauermann-Hipp and Mrs. Mimi Steinborn Trautwein, whose last known address is Germany, are residents of Germany and nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany)

2. That all right, title, interest and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of the persons named in subparagraph 1 hereof in and to the Trust under will of Gaston A. Scherer, deceased, is property payable or deliverable to, or claimed by, the aforesaid nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany),

3. That such property is in the process of administration by the Old Colony Trust Company and Frances W. Scherer, as Trustees, acting under the judicial supervision of the Middlesex County Probate Court, State of Massachusetts;

and it is hereby determined:

4. That to the extent that the persons named in subparagraph 1 hereof are not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany)

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on March 3, 1948.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] DAVID L. BAZELON,
Assistant Attorney General,
Director Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 48-2281; Filed, Mar. 15, 1948; 8:48 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 10791]

ANNA VON HOLTZENDORFF

In re: Estate of Anna von Holtzendorff, deceased. File F-28-24084; E. T. sec. 16386.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Alex Graf von Holtzendorff, whose last known address is Germany, is a resident of Germany and a national of a designated enemy country (Germany),

2. That all right, title, interest and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of the person identified in subparagraph 1 hereof in and to the estate of Anna von Holtzendorff, deceased, is property payable or deliverable to or claimed by, the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country (Germany)

3. That such property is in the process of administration by Wilhelmina Thompson, as administratrix, acting under the judicial supervision of the Orphans' Court of Passaic County, New Jersey;

and it is hereby determined:

4. That to the extent that the person identified in subparagraph 1 hereof is not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country (Germany)

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on March 3, 1948.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] DAVID L. BAZELON,
Assistant Attorney General,
Director Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 48-2282; Filed, Mar. 15, 1948; 8:48 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 10792]

ANNA WAELDE

In re: Rights of Anna Waelde under insurance contract. File No. D-28-10558-H-1.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Anna Waelde, whose last known address is Germany, is a resident of Germany and a national of a designated enemy country (Germany),

2. That the net proceeds due or to become due under a contract of insurance evidenced by policy No. 10451569, issued by The Equitable Life Assurance Society of the United States, New York, N. Y., to Hedwig E. Waelde, together with the right to demand, receive and collect said net proceeds, is property within the

United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of, or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country (Germany)

and it is hereby determined:

3. That to the extent that the person named in subparagraph 1 hereof is not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country (Germany).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on March 3, 1948.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] DAVID L. BAZELON,
Assistant Attorney General,
Director Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 48-2283; Filed, Mar. 15, 1948; 8:48 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 10794]

JACOB WIDMAIER

In re: Estate of Jacob Widmaier, deceased. File No. D-28-11915; E. T. sec. 16112.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Dorle Dittus, Maria Widmaier, Fritz Widmaier, Hedwig Widmaier, and Hilde Widmaier, whose last known address is Germany, are residents of Germany and nationals of a designated enemy country, (Germany)

2. That all right, title, interest and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of the persons identified in subparagraph 1 hereof and each of them in and to the estate of Jacob Widmaier, deceased, is property payable or deliverable to, or claimed by the aforesaid nationals of a designated enemy country, (Germany)

3. That such property is in the process of administration by Edgar O. Murphy, as administrator, acting under the judicial supervision of the Orphans' Court of Monmouth County, New Jersey

and it is hereby determined:

4. That to the extent that the persons identified in subparagraph 1 hereof are not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as

nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany)

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on March 3, 1948.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] DAVID L. BAZELON,
Assistant Attorney General,
Director Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 48-2284; Filed, Mar. 15, 1948;
8:48 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 10813]

SADAKO ARIMA

In re: Real property, property insurance policies and claim owned by Sadako Arima, also known as Sadaka Arima.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Sadako Arima, also known as Sadaka Arima, whose last known address is Takesako-Shioya Kunal, Kawanabe Gun, Kagoshima Ken, Japan, is a resident of Japan and a national of a designated enemy country (Japan),

2. That the property described as follows:

a. Real property situated in the City and County of San Francisco, State of California, particularly described in Exhibit A, attached hereto and by reference made a part hereof, together with all hereditaments, fixtures, improvements and appurtenances thereto, and any and all claims for rents, refunds, benefits or other payments, arising from the ownership of such property,

b. All right, title and interest of the person named in subparagraph 1 hereof, in and to the property insurance policies described as follows:

Policy No. F 69099, issued by the Scottish Union and National Insurance Company, Hartford, Connecticut, in the amount of \$2,000, which policy insures the real property described in subparagraph 2-a hereof, together with any and all extensions or renewals thereof,

Policy No. A 114616, issued by the Fireman's Fund Insurance Company, San Francisco, California, in the amount of \$1500, which policy insures the real property described in subparagraph 2-a hereof,

c. That certain debt or other obligation owing to the person named in subparagraph 1 hereof, by Sam Watahara, 1813 Stuart Street, Berkeley, California,

arising out of rents collected from the real property described in subparagraph 2-a hereof, and any and all rights to demand, enforce and collect the same,

is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country (Japan),

and it is hereby determined:

3. That to the extent that the person named in subparagraph 1 hereof is not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country (Japan)

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described in subparagraph 2-a hereof, subject to recorded liens, encumbrances and other rights of record held by or for persons who are not nationals of designated enemy countries, and

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described in subparagraphs 2-b and 2-c hereof,

All such property so vested to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on March 5, 1948.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] DAVID L. BAZELON,
Assistant Attorney General,
Director Office of Alien Property.

EXHIBIT A

All that certain real property situate, lying and being in the City and County of San Francisco, State of California, described as follows, to-wit:

Beginning at a point on the northerly line of Geary Street, distant thereon 55 feet westerly from the westerly line of Buchanan Street; running thence westerly and along said line of Geary Street 27 feet and 6 inches; thence at a right angle northerly 100 feet; thence at a right angle easterly 27 feet and 6 inches; thence at a right angle southerly 100 feet to the point of beginning. Being part of Western Addition Block No. 276.

[F. R. Doc. 48-2249; Filed, Mar. 12, 1948;
9:01 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 10814]

KENJI KAMADA

In re: Real property and property insurance policy owned by Kenji Kamada.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to

law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Kenji Kamada, whose last known address is Shizuoka Ken, Tagata Gun, Heda Machi, Japan, is a resident of Japan and a national of a designated enemy country (Japan),

2. That the property described as follows:

a. Real property, situated in Bellevue, County of King, State of Washington, particularly described in Exhibit A, attached hereto and by reference made a part hereof, together with all hereditaments, fixtures, improvements and appurtenances thereto, and any and all claims for rents, refunds, benefits or other payments, arising from the ownership of such property, and

b. All right, title and interest of Kenji Kamada in and to Fire Insurance Policy No. 693072, evidenced by Certificate No. 888, issued by Travelers Fire Insurance Company, Hartford, Connecticut, in the amount of \$1,800.00, expiring March 15, 1948, which policy insures the real property described in subparagraph 2-a hereof,

is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country (Japan),

and it is hereby determined:

3. That to the extent that the person named in subparagraph 1 hereof is not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country (Japan)

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described in subparagraph 2-a hereof, subject to recorded liens, encumbrances and other rights of record held by or for persons who are not nationals of designated enemy countries, and

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described in subparagraph 2-b hereof,

All such property so vested to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on March 5, 1948.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] DAVID L. BAZELON,
Assistant Attorney General,
Director Office of Alien Property.

EXHIBIT A

All that certain parcel of land, situate in the county of King, State of Washington, to-wit:

The south half (S ½) of the northwest quarter (NW ¼) of the southeast quarter

(SE $\frac{1}{4}$) of Section twenty-seven (27), Township twenty-five (25) north, Range five (5) East W. M., being twenty (20) acres more or less, less county road; and an easement or right of way to lay a pipe or water line and to remove and use the water, which said pipe or water line shall not be larger than 4" in inside diameter under, through and across the following described real property: Beginning at the southeast corner of the northeast quarter (NE $\frac{1}{4}$) of the northwest quarter (NW $\frac{1}{4}$) of the Southeast quarter (SE $\frac{1}{4}$) of Section twenty-seven (27), Township twenty-five (25) North, Range five (5) East W. M., thence west along the south line of the said northeast quarter (NE $\frac{1}{4}$) of the northwest quarter (NW $\frac{1}{4}$) of the southeast quarter (SE $\frac{1}{4}$) a distance of 12" thence north parallel to the east line of the said northeast quarter (NE $\frac{1}{4}$) of the northwest quarter (NW $\frac{1}{4}$) of the southeast quarter (SE $\frac{1}{4}$) to the center of that certain creek which runs in a general easterly and westerly direction across said northeast quarter (NE $\frac{1}{4}$) of the northwest quarter (NW $\frac{1}{4}$) of the southeast quarter (SE $\frac{1}{4}$) of the southeast quarter (SE $\frac{1}{4}$); thence in an easterly direction along said center line of said creek to the east line of said northeast quarter (NE $\frac{1}{4}$) of the northwest quarter (NW $\frac{1}{4}$) of the southeast quarter (SE $\frac{1}{4}$); thence south along said east line of said northeast quarter (NE $\frac{1}{4}$) of the northwest quarter (NW $\frac{1}{4}$) of the southeast quarter (SW $\frac{1}{4}$) to the point of beginning, together with the right to go upon the said northeast quarter (NE $\frac{1}{4}$) of the northwest quarter (NW $\frac{1}{4}$) of the southeast quarter (SE $\frac{1}{4}$) for the purpose of repairing the said pipe or water line as occasion may arise; reserving and excepting unto and in favor of Minnie D. Silliman, her purchasers, successors, heirs or assigns, that certain easement for road purposes over, across and upon the following described real property: Beginning at a point 12' east of the southeast corner of the northwest quarter (NW $\frac{1}{4}$) of the northwest quarter (NW $\frac{1}{4}$) of the Southeast quarter (SE $\frac{1}{4}$) of Section twenty-seven (27), Township twenty-five (25) North, Range five (5) East W. M., thence south 12' thence west parallel to the south line of said northeast quarter (NE $\frac{1}{4}$) of the northwest quarter (NW $\frac{1}{4}$) of the northwest quarter (NW $\frac{1}{4}$) of the southeast quarter (SE $\frac{1}{4}$) to the west line of the southwest quarter (SW $\frac{1}{4}$) of the southeast quarter (SE $\frac{1}{4}$) and the east line of the county road; thence north along the said west line of the said southwest quarter (SW $\frac{1}{4}$) of the southeast quarter (SE $\frac{1}{4}$) and the said east line of the county road to the south line of the said northwest quarter (NW $\frac{1}{4}$) of the southeast quarter (SE $\frac{1}{4}$); thence east along said south line of the northwest quarter (NW $\frac{1}{4}$) and the northeast quarter (NE $\frac{1}{4}$) of the said northwest quarter (NW $\frac{1}{4}$) of the southeast quarter to the point of beginning.

[F. R. Doc. 48-2250; Filed, Mar. 12, 1948; 9:01 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 10315]

YASUNARI KAMEI

In re: Property insurance policy owned by Yasunari Kamei.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Yasunari Kamei, whose last known address is Japan, is a resident of Japan and a national of a designated enemy country (Japan)

2. That the property described as follows:

a. All right, title and interest of Yasunari Kamei, in and to fire insurance Policy No. 127497 issued by Allemania Fire Insurance Company of Pittsburgh, 7 Wood Street, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, in the amount of \$1,000, which policy expires October 26, 1948 and insures the real property, situated at 417 Turner Street, Los Angeles, California,

is property within the United States owned or controlled by, payable or deliverable to, held on behalf of or on account of, or owing to, or which is evidence of ownership or control by, the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country (Japan)

and it is hereby determined:

3. That to the extent that the person named in subparagraph 1 hereof is not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country (Japan)

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on March 5, 1948.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] DAVID L. BAZILON,
Assistant Attorney General,
Director, Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 48-2251; Filed, Mar. 12, 1948; 9:01 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 10357]

WILLY FICKWELLER

In re: Estate of Willy Fickweller, deceased. File D-28-12176; E. T. sec. 16399.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Johannes (Johann) Julius Mortiz Möller, whose last known address is Germany, is a resident of Germany and a national of a designated enemy country (Germany)

2. That all right, title, interest and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of the person identified in subparagraph 1 hereof, in and to the estate of Willy Fickweller, deceased, is property payable or deliverable to, or claimed by the aforesaid national of a designated enemy country (Germany)

3. That such property is in the process of administration by A. B. Chase, Administrator, acting under the judicial supervision of the County Court of Keya Paha County, State of Nebraska;

and it is hereby determined:

4. That to the extent that the person named in subparagraph 1 hereof is not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such person be treated as a national of a designated enemy country (Germany)

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest,

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on March 10, 1948.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
Deputy Director,
Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 48-2253; Filed, Mar. 15, 1948; 8:48 a. m.]

